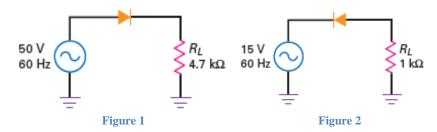


Alexandria University Faculty of Engineering

Electrical Engineering Department

ECE: Principles and Applications of Electronic Engineering Sheet 2



- 1. What is the peak output voltage in Fig. 1 if the diode is ideal? The average value? The dc value? Sketch the output waveform.
- 2. Repeat the preceding problem for Fig. 2.
- 3. What is the peak output voltage in Fig. 1 using the second approximation of a diode? The average value? The dc value? Sketch the output waveform.
- 4. Repeat the preceding problem for Fig. 2.

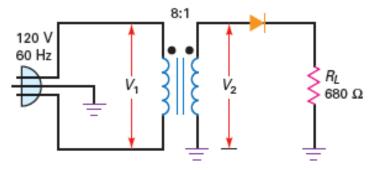


Figure 3

- 5. If a transformer has a turns ratio of 6;1, what is the rms secondary voltage? The peak secondary voltage? Assume a primary voltage of 120 V_{rms}.
- 6. If a transformer has a turns ratio of 1;12, what is the rms secondary voltage? The peak secondary voltage? Assume a primary voltage of 120 V_{rms}.
- 7. Calculate the peak output voltage and the dc output voltage in Fig. 3 using an ideal diode.
- 8. Calculate the peak output voltage and the dc output voltage in Fig. 3 using the second approximation.

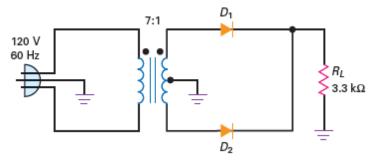
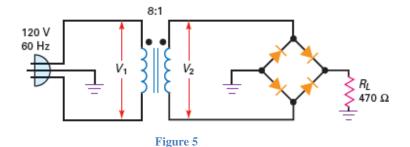
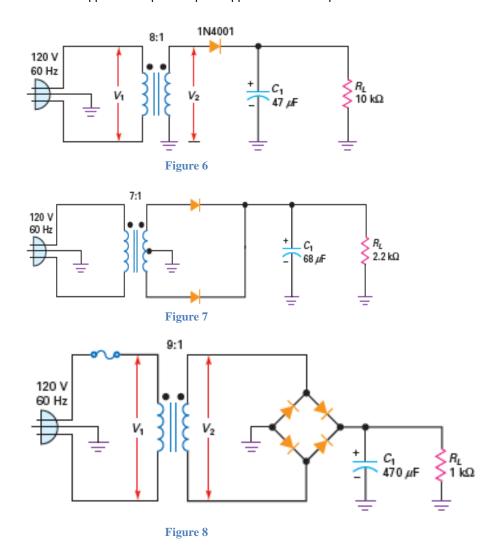


Figure 4

- 9. A center-tapped transformer with 120 V input has a turns ratio of 4;1. What is the rms voltage across the upper half of the secondary winding? The peak voltage? What is the rms voltage across the lower half of the secondary winding?
- 10. What is the peak output voltage in Fig. 4 if the diodes are ideal? The average value? The dc value? Sketch the output waveform.
- 11. Repeat the preceding problem using the second approximation.



- 12. In Fig. 5, what is the peak output voltage if the diodes are ideal? The average value? The dc value? Sketch the output waveform.
- 13. Repeat the preceding problem using the second approximation.
- 14. If the line voltage in Fig. 5 varies from 105 to 125 V_{rms}, what is the minimum dc output voltage? The maximum?
- 15. A half-wave signal with a peak of 20 V is the input to a choke-input fi Iter. If XL 5 1 kV and Xc 5 25 V, what is the approximate peak-to-peak ripple across the capacitor?
- 16. A full-wave signal with a peak of 14 V is the input to a choke-input fi Iter. If XL 5 2 kV and Xc 5 50 V, what is the approximate peak-to-peak ripple across the capacitor?



- 17. What is the dc output voltage and ripple in Fig. 6? Sketch the output waveform.
- 18. In Fig. 7, calculate the dc output voltage and ripple.
- 19. What happens to the ripple in Fig. 6 if the capacitance value is reduced to half?
- 20. In Fig. 6, what happens to the ripple if the resistance is reduced to 500 V?
- 21. What is the dc output voltage in Fig. 8? The ripple? Sketch the output waveform.
- 22. If the line voltage decreases to 105 V in Fig. 8, what is the dc output voltage?

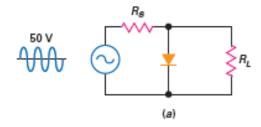


Figure 9

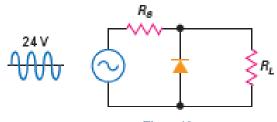


Figure 10

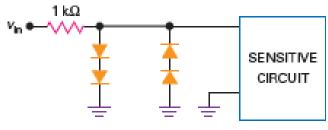


Figure 11

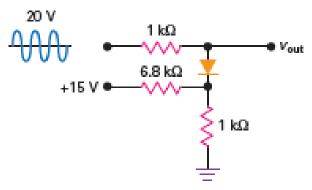
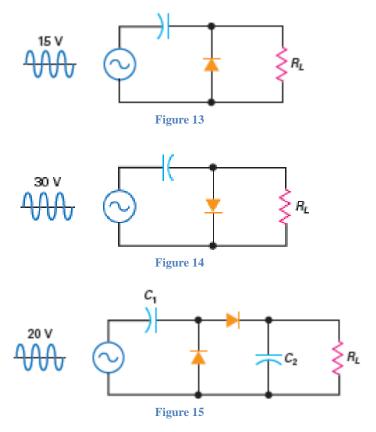
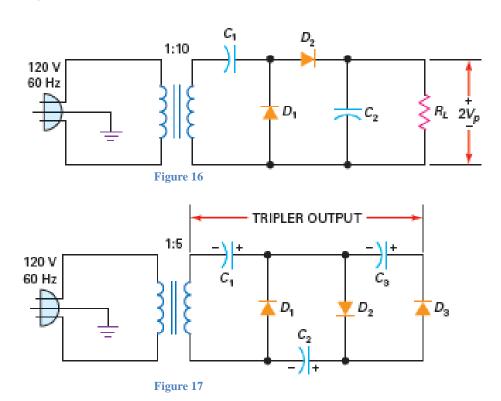


Figure 12

- 23. In Fig. 9, sketch the output waveform. What is the maximum positive voltage? The maximum negative?
- 24. Repeat the preceding problem for Fig. 10.
- 25. The diode clamp of Fig. 11 protects the sensitive circuit. What are the limiting levels?
- 26. In Fig. 12, what is maximum positive output voltage? Maximum negative output voltage? Sketch the output waveform.
- 27. If the sine wave of Fig. 12 is only 20 mV, the circuit will act as a diode clamp instead of a biased clipper. In this case, what is the protected range of output voltage?



- 28. In Fig. 13, sketch the output waveform. What is the maximum positive voltage? The maximum negative?
- 29. Repeat the preceding problem for Fig. 14.30. Sketch the output waveform of the clamper and final output in Fig. 15. What is the dc output voltage with ideal diodes? To a second approximation?



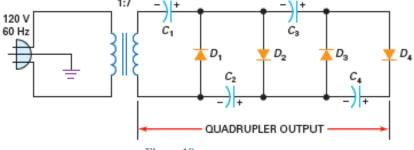


Figure 18

- 31. Calculate the dc output voltage in Fig. 16.32. What is the tripler output in Fig. 17?33. What is the quadrupler output in Fig. 18?