

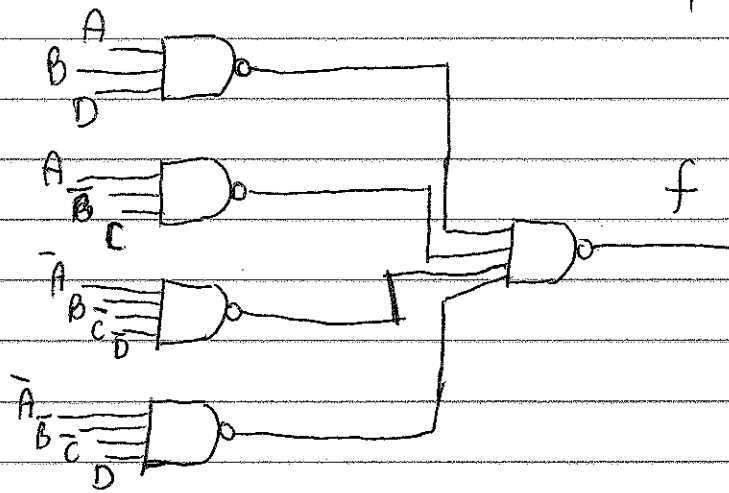
sheet 1

1. a $f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(1, 4, 10, 11, 13, 15)$

$f = ABD + A\bar{B}C + \bar{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}D$

$f = \overline{ABD} \cdot \overline{A\bar{B}C} \cdot \overline{\bar{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D}} \cdot \overline{\bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}D}$

	AB		A	
CD	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	0	0
01	1	0	1	0
11	0	0	1	1
10	0	0	0	1



b- $f = \overline{ACD} \cdot \overline{\bar{A}BD} \cdot \overline{\bar{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D}} \cdot \overline{A\bar{B}\bar{C}D}$

c- $f = \overline{BCD} \cdot \overline{A\bar{B}\bar{D}} \cdot \overline{ABCD}$

d- $f(A, B, C, D, E) = \sum m(1, 3-7, 11, 14-17, 22, 24-27, 30)$

	ABC			
DE	000	001	011	010
00	0	1	0	0
01	1	1	0	1
11	1	1	1	1
10	0	1	1	0

$f = \overline{ABC} \cdot \overline{A\bar{B}C} \cdot \overline{\bar{A}DE} \cdot \overline{A\bar{C}\bar{D}} \cdot \overline{CDE} \cdot \overline{\bar{A}BE}$

2 a. Group Zeros in such a way you get \bar{f} or f as follows:

$$\bar{f} = \bar{A}C + A\bar{B}\bar{D} + A\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}BD + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{D}$$

$$f = (A + \bar{C}) \cdot (\bar{A} + \bar{B} + D) \cdot (\bar{A} + B + C) \cdot (A + \bar{B} + \bar{D}) \cdot (A + B + D)$$

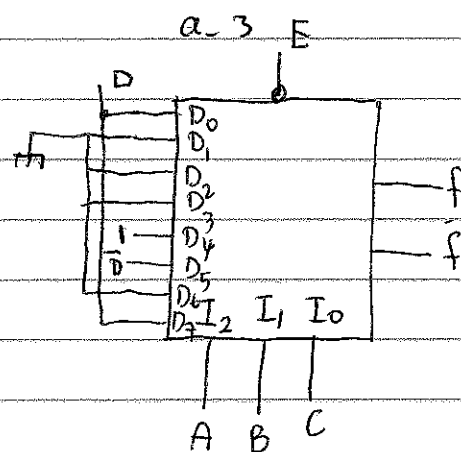
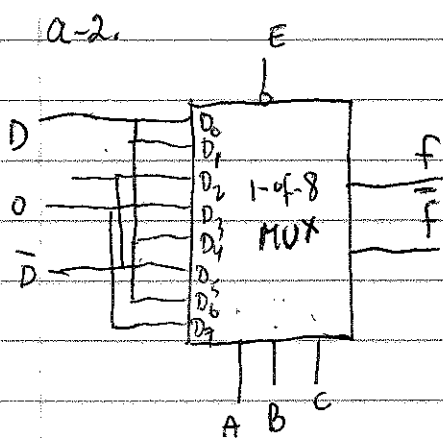
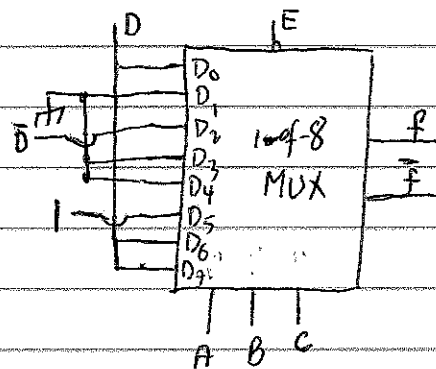
$$\bar{f} = \overline{(A + \bar{C}) + (\bar{A} + \bar{B} + D) + (\bar{A} + B + C) + (A + \bar{B} + \bar{D}) + (A + B + D)}$$

$$b - f = \overline{\bar{B} + \bar{C} + A + B + D + \bar{A} + C + D + A + \bar{B} + \bar{D} + \bar{A} + \bar{C} + \bar{D}}$$

$$c - f = \overline{\bar{B} + C + \bar{A} + \bar{C} + \bar{B} + D + \bar{A} + D + A + \bar{B} + \bar{D} + \bar{A} + \bar{C} + \bar{D}}$$

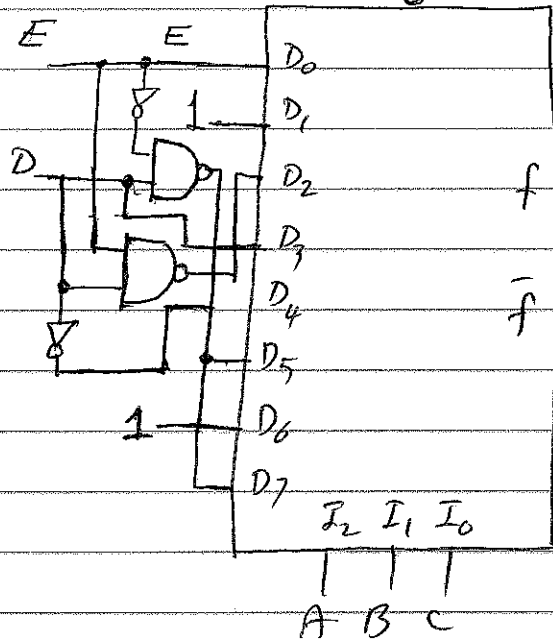
$$d - f = \overline{\bar{A} + C + E + A + B + D + \bar{A} + \bar{C} + \bar{E} + \bar{A} + \bar{C} + D + \bar{A} + B + C + \bar{D}}$$

3 a-1. $f(A, B, C, D) = \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}D + \bar{A}\bar{B}C(0) + \bar{A}B\bar{C}(\bar{D}) + \bar{A}BC(0) + A\bar{B}\bar{C}(0) + A\bar{B}C(1) + AB\bar{C}(D) + ABC(D)$



a-4

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(A, B, C, D, E) &= ABC + \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}DE + A\bar{C}\bar{D} + CD\bar{E} + \bar{A}\bar{B}E \\
 &= \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}(DE+E) + \bar{A}\bar{B}C(1+E+D\bar{E}) + \\
 &\quad \bar{A}B\bar{C}(DE) + \bar{A}BC(DE+D\bar{E}) + A\bar{B}\bar{C}(\bar{D}) + \\
 &\quad A\bar{B}C(D\bar{E}) + ABC(1) + ABC(D\bar{E})
 \end{aligned}$$

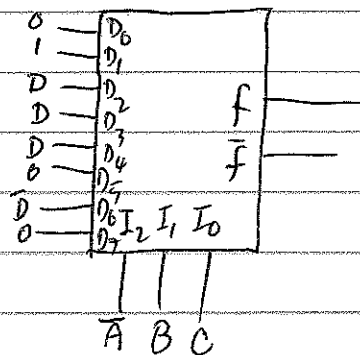


0	E
1	1
2	DE
3	D
4	\bar{D}
5	$D\bar{E}$
6	1
7	$D\bar{E}$

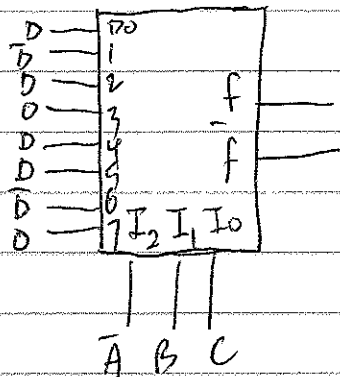
3 b-1 We assume that A is available in complemented form \bar{A} .

Therefore, we have to rearrange the function f as follows

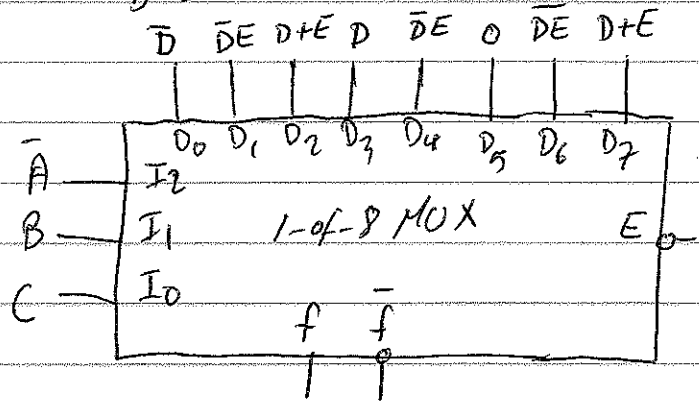
$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= A\bar{B}\bar{C} (10) \\
 &\quad A\bar{B}C (11) \\
 &\quad A\bar{B}C (10) \\
 &\quad A\bar{B}C (10) \\
 &\quad A\bar{B}C (10) \\
 &\quad \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} (00) \\
 &\quad \bar{A}\bar{B}C (01) \\
 &\quad \bar{A}\bar{B}C (01) \\
 &\quad \bar{A}\bar{B}C (01)
 \end{aligned}$$



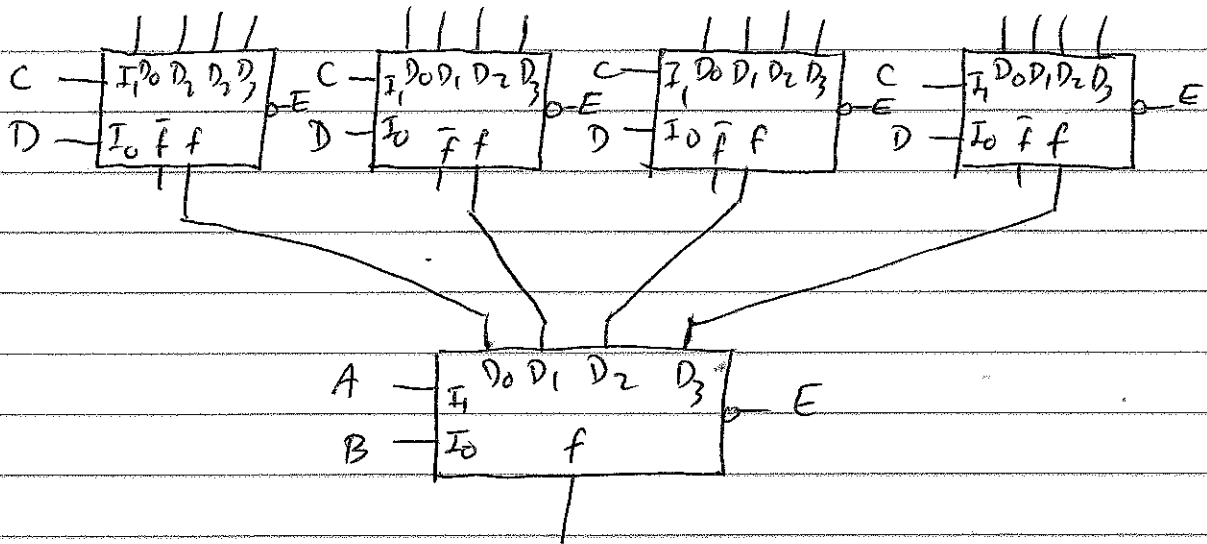
b-2



b-5



$$\begin{aligned}
 Aa \quad f = & \bar{A}\bar{B}[\bar{C}\bar{D}(0) + \bar{C}D(1) + C\bar{D}(0) + CD(0)] + \\
 & \bar{A}B[\bar{C}\bar{D}(1) + \bar{C}D(0) + C\bar{D}(0) + CD(0)] + \\
 & A\bar{B}[\bar{C}\bar{D}(0) + \bar{C}D(0) + C\bar{D}(1) + CD(1)] + \\
 & AB[\bar{C}\bar{D}(0) + \bar{C}D(1) + C\bar{D}(0) + CD(1)]
 \end{aligned}$$



4-d

$$\begin{aligned}
 f = & \bar{A}\bar{B}[\bar{C}\bar{D}(E) + \bar{C}D(E) + C\bar{D}(1) + CD(1)] + \\
 & \bar{A}B[\bar{C}\bar{D}(0) + \bar{C}D(E) + C\bar{D}(0) + CD(1)] + \\
 & A\bar{B}[\bar{C}\bar{D}(1) + \bar{C}D(0) + C\bar{D}(0) + CD(\bar{E})] + \\
 & AB[\bar{C}\bar{D}(1) + \bar{C}D(1) + C\bar{D}(0) + CD(\bar{E})]
 \end{aligned}$$

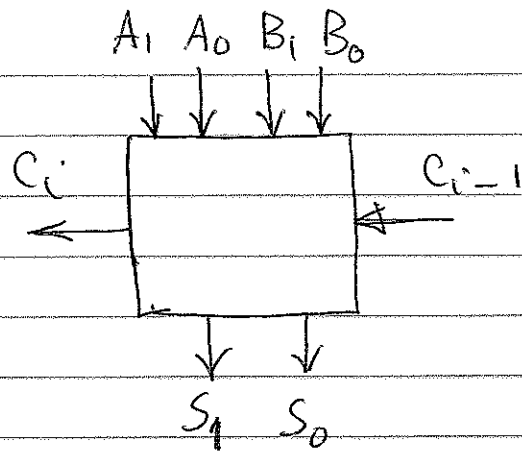
$$\begin{aligned}
 5-f &= \bar{x}\bar{y} [\bar{z}\bar{u}(1) + \bar{z}u(0) + z\bar{u}(0) + zu(1)] + \\
 &\quad \bar{x}y [\bar{z}\bar{u}(1) + \bar{z}u(0) + z\bar{u}(1) + zu(1)] + \\
 &\quad x\bar{y} [\bar{z}\bar{u}(0) + \bar{z}u(1) + z\bar{u}(1) + zu(1)] + \\
 &\quad xy [\bar{z}\bar{u}(1) + \bar{z}u(1) + z\bar{u}(1) + zu(0)]
 \end{aligned}$$

sheet #2

	A_1	A_0	B_1	B_0	C_{i-1}	C_i	S_1	S_0
--	-------	-------	-------	-------	-----------	-------	-------	-------

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

This is a combinational circuit of five inputs A_1, A_0, B_1, B_0 and C_{i-1} and three outputs S_1, S_0 , and C_i



Using K-map for minimization

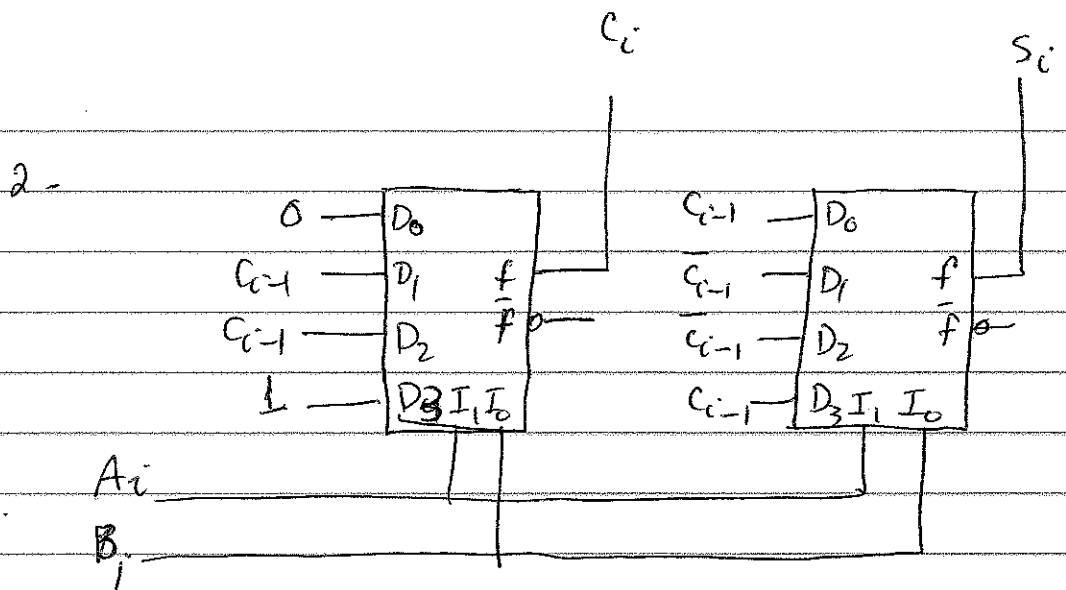
		$A_1 A_0 B_1$								
		$B_0 C_{i-1}$	000	001	011	010	110	111	101	100
00	00						1	1		
	01			1			1	1	1	
11	11		1	1			1	1	1	1
	10				1		1	1		

$$C_i = A_1 B_1 + A_1 B_0 C_{i-1} + A_1 A_0 C_{i-1} + A_1 A_0 B_0 + A_0 B_1 C_{i-1} + B_1 B_0 C_{i-1} + A_0 B_1 B_0$$

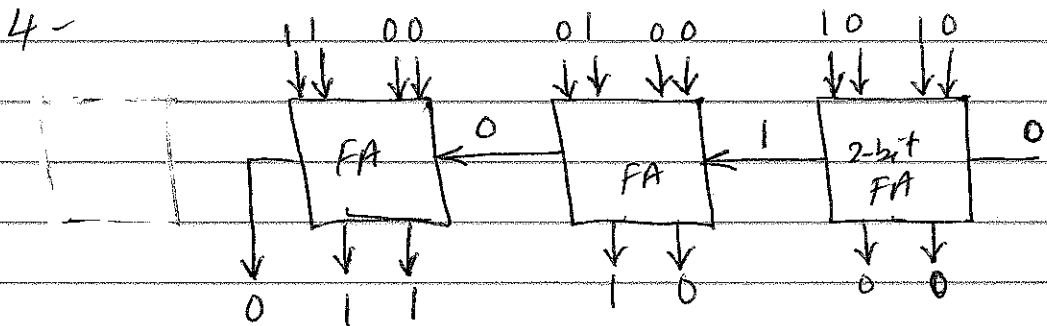
Similarly

$$S_1 = A_1 A_0 B_1 \bar{B}_0 + A_1 \bar{A}_0 \bar{B}_1 \bar{B}_0 + \bar{A}_1 A_0 \bar{B}_1 B_0 + A_1 A_0 B_1 B_0 + \bar{A}_1 \bar{A}_0 B_1 C_{i-1} + \bar{A}_1 B_1 \bar{B}_0 \bar{C}_{i-1} + \bar{A}_1 \bar{B}_1 B_0 C_{i-1} + A_1 \bar{A}_0 \bar{B}_1 C_{i-1} + A_1 B_1 B_0 C_{i-1} + A_1 A_0 B_1 C_{i-1} + A_1 \bar{B}_1 \bar{B}_0 \bar{C}_i$$

$$S_0 = A_0 \oplus B_0 \oplus C_{i-1}$$



3- Figure 5-5 b from the text



$$\begin{array}{r} 110 \\ 00010 \\ 110110 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

 Carry 0 Carry 0 Carry 1 Carry 0

Sheet 4

Chapter 6:

1.

	xy	00	01	11	10
z	0	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	1	0

$S(t+\Delta t)$

$x(t)$	$y(t)$	$z(t)$	$S(t+\Delta t)$	$Q_0(t+\Delta t)$
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1

$$S(t+\Delta t) = \bar{z}(\bar{x}y + z\bar{y}) + z(\bar{x}\bar{y} + xy)$$

$$= x \oplus y \oplus z$$

	xy	00	01	11	10
z	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	1	1	1

$C_0(t+\Delta t)$

$$C_0(t+\Delta t) = xy + z(x \oplus y) \quad \text{Bridging technique}$$

2. $\bar{J}_1 = 1, Q_2 = Q_2$
 $K_1 = 1$
 $J_2 = Q_1$
 $K_2 = \bar{Q}_1$

For an initial value of $Q_1 = 0, Q_2 = 0$

$J_1 K_1 = 0 \cdot 1$ resets FF_1 , already reset

$J_2 K_2 = 0 \cdot 1$ resets FF_2 , already reset

So, Both FF_1 are remained the same at zero, zero

3.

PS	\bar{Q}_3	1	1	$Q_2 \oplus Q_3$	$\bar{Q}_2 \cdot K_2$	$Q_1 + \bar{Q}_2$	NS
$Q_3 Q_2 Q_1$	J_1	K_1	J_2	K_2	J_3	K_3	$Q_3 \oplus Q_2 \oplus Q_1$
0 0 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1 0
1 1 0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1 0 0
1 0 0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0 1 0
0 1 0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0 1 0
1 1 1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0 1 0

$001 \rightarrow 110 \rightarrow 100 \rightarrow 010 \rightarrow 111 \rightarrow 010 \rightarrow 111 \rightarrow 010 \dots$

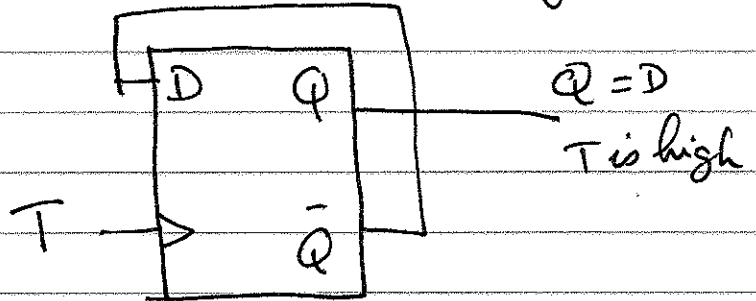
4.

$Q = D$ clock high

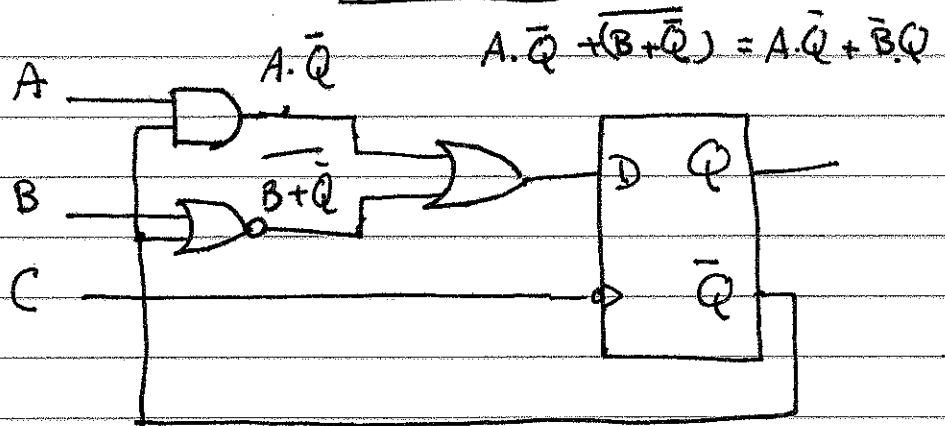
$Q = \text{as is}$ T low

$Q \rightarrow \text{toggles}$ T high

So we can feed \bar{Q} to D to result in Q if T is used as a clock



5.



$$Q = A\bar{Q} + \bar{B}Q$$

Comparing this equation to the equation of a JK FF

$$Q = J\bar{Q} + \bar{K}Q$$

So, the circuit, using a DFF, is performing the function of a JK FF.

6.

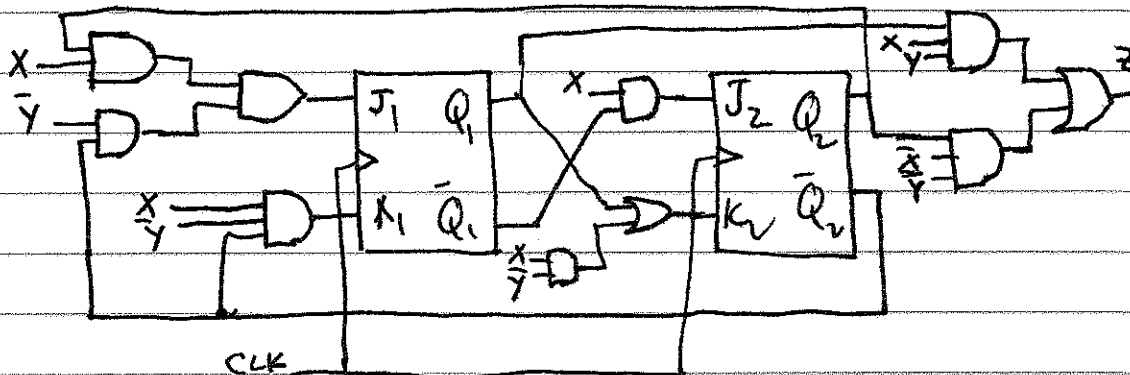
$$J_1 = XQ_2 + \bar{Y}\bar{Q}_2$$

$$K_1 = X\bar{Y}\bar{Q}_2$$

$$J_2 = \bar{X}Q_1$$

$$K_2 = X\bar{Y} + Q_1$$

$$Z = XYQ_1 + \bar{X}\bar{Y}Q_2$$



state equations: $Q = J\bar{Q} + \bar{K}Q$

chapter 7:

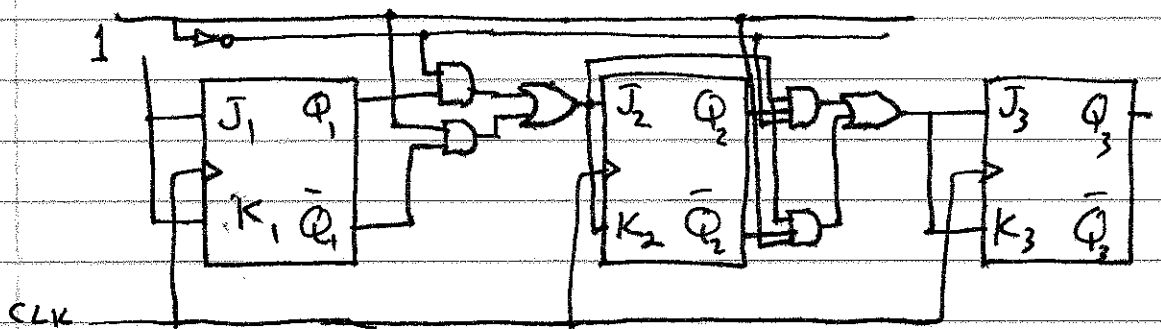
1. Three bit counter $Q_3 Q_2 Q_1$ $E=1$ down
 $E=0$ up

$$\text{So, } J_n = K_n = \bar{E} J_{n-1} Q_{n-1} + E J_{n-1} \bar{Q}_{n-1}$$

$$J_1 = K_1 = 1$$

$$J_2 = K_2 = \bar{E} Q_1 + E \bar{Q}_1$$

$$\bar{J}_3 = K_3 = \bar{E} J_2 Q_2 + E J_2 \bar{Q}_2$$



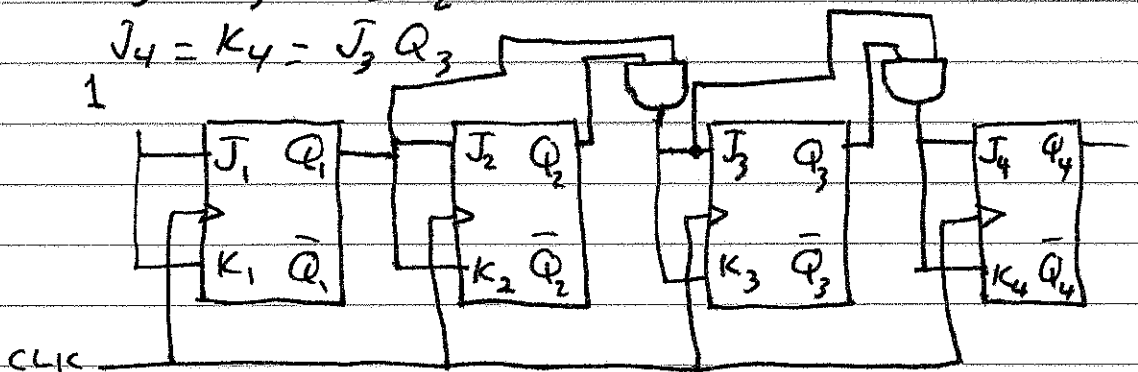
2. Four-bit up counter

$$J_1 = K_1 = 1$$

$$J_2 = K_2 = Q_1$$

$$\bar{J}_3 = K_3 = \bar{J}_2 Q_2$$

$$J_4 = K_4 = \bar{J}_3 Q_3$$

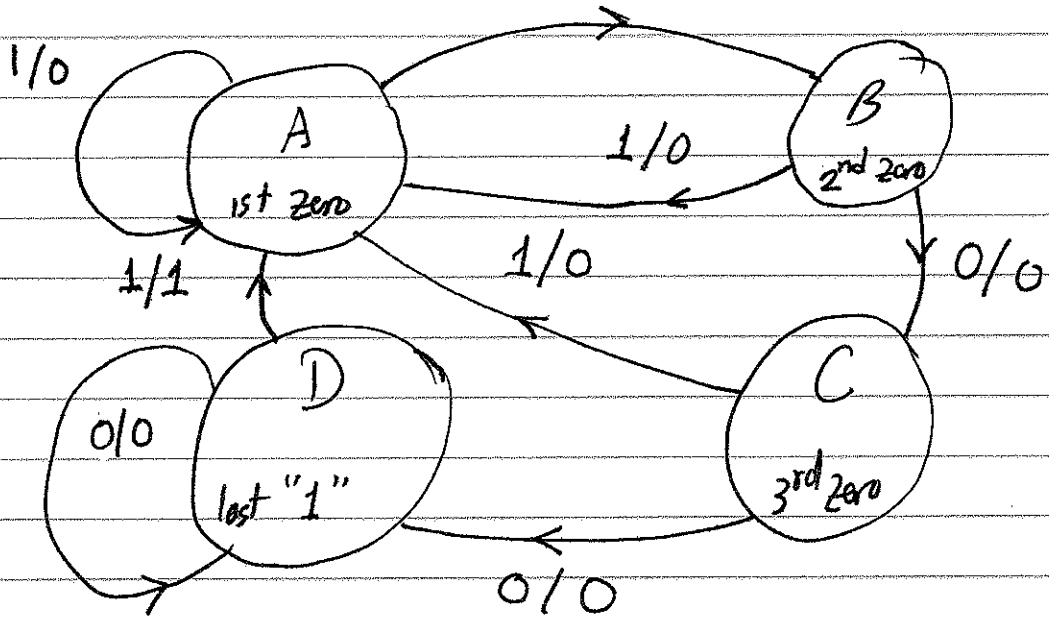


3. The number of states in the required sequential circuits is equal to the number of bits in the given streams of bits

a, b, c, and d requires four states

e, f, and g requires five while h requires six.

a. stream 0001 0/0



state-table

PS $Q_2 Q_1$	NS, Z	
	$x=0$	$x=1$
A (00)	B, 0	A, 0
B (01)	C, 0	A, 0
C (11)	D, 0	A, 0
D (10)	D, 0	A, 1

transition table

PS $Q_2 Q_1$	NS, Z	
	$x=0$	$x=1$
00	01	00
01	11	00
11	10	00
10	10	00, 1

$Z = Q_2 \bar{Q}_1 x \cdot CLK$

$x \backslash Q_2 Q_1$	00	01	11	10
0	10	00	01	00
1	00	01	01	00

$x \backslash Q_2 Q_1$	00	01	11	10
0	00	10	00	00
1	00	00	01	01

$S_1 R_1$

$$S_1 = \bar{x} \cdot \bar{Q}_2$$

$$R_1 = x + Q_2$$

$S_2 R_2$

$$S_2 = \bar{x} Q_1$$

$$R_2 = x$$

You can continue the same way except for increasing an additional state in e, f, and g; and two additional states in h.

4. JK

Z stands still: $Z = Q_2 \bar{Q}_1 \cdot x \cdot CLK$

$Q_2 \bar{Q}_1$	00	01	11	10
x	0	1	1	0
	0	0	1	0
	1	0	1	0

J_1, K_1

$$J_1 = \bar{x} \cdot \bar{Q}_2$$

$$K_1 = x + Q_2$$

$Q_2 \bar{Q}_1$	00	01	11	10
x	0	1	1	0
	0	1	0	0
	1	0	1	1

J_2, K_2

$$J_2 = \bar{x} Q_1$$

$$K_2 = x$$

5. T-FF

Z stands still: $Z = Q_2 \bar{Q}_1 \cdot x \cdot CLK$

$Q_2 \bar{Q}_1$	00	01	11	10
x	0	1	1	0
	0	1	1	0
	1	0	1	0

$$T_1 = x Q_1 + \bar{x} \bar{Q}_2 \bar{Q}_1 + Q_1 Q_2$$

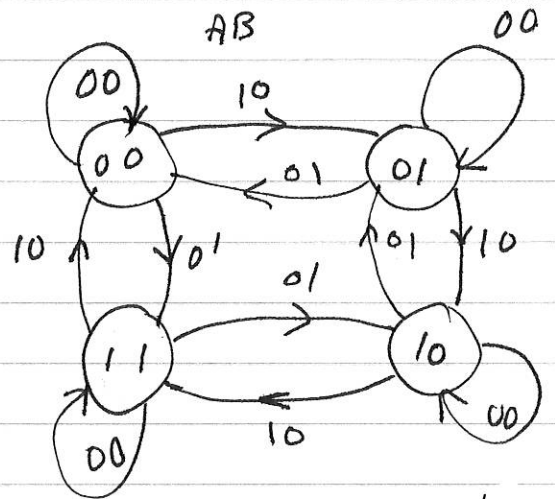
$$= x Q_1 + \bar{x} \bar{Q}_2 \bar{Q}_1 + Q_2 Q_1$$

$Q_2 \bar{Q}_1$	00	01	11	10
x	0	1	0	0
	0	1	0	0
	1	0	1	1

$$T_1 = x Q_2 + \bar{x} \bar{Q}_2 Q_1$$

6.

$Q_2 \bar{Q}_1$	NS		
$Q_1 \bar{Q}_2$	00	01	10
	00	11	01
	01	00	10
	10	01	11
	11	00	00



$Q_2 \bar{Q}_1$	00	01	11	10
AB	00	0	0	0
	01	1	1	1
	10	-	-	-
	11	1	1	1

J_1, K_1

$Q_2 \bar{Q}_1$	00	01	11	10
AB	00	0	0	0
	01	1	0	1
	11	-	-	-
	10	0	1	0

J_2, K_2

11-never happens

$$J_1 = B + A$$

$$K_1 = B + A$$

$$J_2 = \bar{Q}_1 \bar{Q}_2 B + A \cdot Q_1$$

$$K_2 = B \bar{Q}_1 + A \cdot Q_1$$

7.